

mended, by motion of Mr. Eaton, as the other similar bills, and passed its second reading. Mr. J. J. Williams, from the Committee on the Library, reported a bill to repeal the act of 1848-49, to provide for a system of international exchanges. Passed first reading. The Resolutions on the subject of Slavery having been made the order of day. Mr. Barnes moved to postpone the consideration of these resolutions until Monday next.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.—The Bill to provide for a General Superintendent of Common Schools, and for other purposes, was then taken up, and after considerable discussion, the Bill was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 76 to 40.

### Editor's Correspondence.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE, Dec. 13th 1850.

BRO. GORMAN: A deep and heart-felt interest in the cause of temperance, which is the cause of humanity, induced me to solicit a number of subscribers to your improved and valuable paper. I heartily concur in the necessity and propriety of your determination, with regard to publishing all speeches and Communications, and hope that the friends and members of the Order, instead of crowding the columns of your paper with minute details of public meetings and celebrations, will confine them to those parts which will be of general interest and productive of some good. True it is, that we like to see the names of our friends, and those who act a noble part in the cause, raised in the estimation of the world and echoed far and wide by the voice of fame; yet to advance the interests of the temperance reform is paramount to these, and should be the great object of all who have espoused its cause. Let then, the genius of our Order be displayed in studied and well digested contributions to your columns; not wishing to exclude many able and instructive addresses delivered on public occasions, but seeking to give what is of general interest and real utility. Then your paper will be just what we need,—just what we wish it; for it is impossible to arouse the dull and languid feelings that will prevail over too many, unless something be done to keep up a lively interest. It is human nature to languish, to become careless and inactive, unless there is something to rouse and animate. Even the message of eternal truth will fall without any saving and lasting effect upon the heart, unless it be cherished and cultivated. Many, I fear, think that all that is necessary is to organize temperance societies and the work is done. But this is a fatal mistake. The farmer who depends for his living upon merely sowing seed, will perish; and so in all other cases. The Church itself, that has survived the "week of ages," would soon perish, if its principles were not propagated by the unceasing efforts of its ministers. This may seem the effusions of a enthusiast; but means must be used. Thus we are convinced of the necessity of providing some means to arouse and awaken the minds of all men in this great undertaking. The vessel launched into the ocean soon loses its momentum without constant force, and ceases to move. The car moves but a short time, unless propelled by the agency of steam; just so it is with the temperance cause. So long as a lively interest is kept up I fear not the frown of scorn nor the voice of detraction, but we will ride triumphant over the waves and thro' the breakers. It may be asked how can this be done? It can be done by Subordinate Divisions, to some extent, by having well prepared speeches at all regular meetings. But it is a subject so true and common, some may say, that no man of ordinary talents can advance any thing new or interesting on it. But let us think; has Christianity, that has been preached from the pulpit from Sabbath to Sabbath for hundreds of years, become so? No! Neither has temperance become so. I never heard a temperance speech but I listened to it with interest. But if Subordinate Divisions have not members of this kind, let our temperance papers be conducted so as to awaken and keep alive an active spirit. And especially as I believe it essential to the success and welfare of the Order to employ able and efficient public agents, whose heart-stirring and persuasive eloquence may carry conviction to every mind, and may kindle the slumbering fires of the soul and arouse all its powers to bold and energetic action. In order to accomplish this object it is hoped that the people of North Carolina and especially the Sons of Temperance, while paying thousands to the ministers of the Gospel, will extend some aid to the cause of temperance, which is the hand-maid of the Christian church, and as such, worthy of the serious regard of every friend of humanity. Let Subordinate Divisions then cheerfully meet the demands of our traveling agents, who should be sent to minister to the weak. Then will our system work smoothly. Then will the glorious car of temperance reform move with increasing velocity, and as it rolls triumphantly over the conquered dominions of intemperance, it shall drag captive, at its glittering wheels, this tyrant that holds millions of our race in servile bondage and sinks the helpless soul in hell.

W. P.

COLEMAN, Dec. 12th, 1850.

BRO. GORMAN: I have the pleasure to inform you that on Saturday, the 7th, I instituted the Fort Landing Division in this County, assisted by Bros. B. A. Spruill, Jno. Sanderson, Jesse Sanderson, B. A. Buwright and others. Bro. Jno. Sanderson, W. P. and B. A. Buwright, R. S. of said Division. We are now playing a regular game of foot ball with Old Alcohol, and I think we are bound to kick him out of the County. I have never seen such an interest manifested in the cause. On the 1st of July, 1850, there was not a Son in the County of Tyrrell, and now there are three Divisions! As the Spirit stated some time since: "Old Tyrrell will be redeemed." So mote it be.

Yours in L. P. & F.  
J. A. WARROCK, D. G. W. P.

HENDERSON, Dec. 10th, 1850.

BRO. GORMAN: Assisted by Bros. Osborn, McClanahan and others of Oxford Division, Wm. L. and G. T. Brame of Henderson, we organized Midway Division, No. 205, for which you issued a Charter on the 30th ult., on Saturday last 14th inst. The officers are, Rev. Wm. Holmes, W. P., M. D. Tanner, W. A., G. J. Kelly, R. S., Rich'd. D. Allen, A. R. S., David T. Barker, F. S., Jno. W. Kelly, T. E. W. Harris, C. A. Barker, A. C., Saml. P. Wilson, I. S., Jno S. Ellis, O. S.

The Division opens very favorably with twelve members, all of the right sort, and a very fair prospect ahead. Much inquiry is elicited, and I have no doubt, by a strict adherence to our principles, and a little effort on the part of the Division, it will grow rapidly and prove a great blessing to the neighborhood in which it is located. Much good has already been effected by the Order in this county, in which there are now three Divisions—there remains yet much to be done.

Yours, in L. P. & F.  
A. C. HARRIS, D. G. W. P.

### CORPORATION PROCEEDINGS.

RALEIGH, DECEMBER 13th, 1850.

At a called meeting of the Intendant and Commissioners held this evening, a full Board being present, viz: W. D. Haywood Intendant, E. B. Freeman, S. W. Whiting, J. Primrose, T. R. Fentress, S. Burns and E. Smith, Commissioners.

A communication from the President and Directors of the North Carolina Railroad Company being laid before the Board, asking permission to run the Road through the street of the City; upon due consideration thereof it was unanimously

Resolved, That the North Carolina Railroad Company be, and they are hereby permitted to locate the Road upon either Hargett or Lane Street, through the City or otherwise through its Corporate limits upon the following conditions: That the Road shall be graded as nearly as possible on a level with the Street through which it passes, and the Company shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the City Authorities may prescribe concerning the passage of Trains through the City, and make and keep in repair good and sufficient crossing at all intersecting streets.

By order, B. B. SMITH, Clerk.

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS—what is it? In this country, among people who are equally protected and encouraged, it lies in the steady pursuit of intelligence, industry, temperance and frugality. So far as outward comfort and competence constitute wealth, there is but a fraction of society who may not possess it, if wealth be but his instinct and capacity most fit him. If the great fortunes which so dazzle the mis-judging poor, be analyzed, they will be found, in nearly ninety-nine of the hundred cases, to have sprung and matured from calm, patient and simple toil— toil which had an endurance and faith behind, and an object and hope before it. So too, with success in whatever man seeks to accomplish. A clown may stumble upon a splendid discovery in art or science, but a fixed general law provides that high achievement shall require profound and ceaseless labor. The price of success, except in isolated cases, is the devotion of one's life. He is a fool who trusts to any dream for possession or advancement, unless he connects with it the prudent exercise of his own energy and judgment. The little spring in the mountain rock, becomes a brook, a torrent, a wide rolling river and a part of the fathomless ocean, simply by pushing steadily and bravely forward.—New Yorker.

### A WORD TO LITTLE GIRLS.

Who is lovely? It is the little girl who drops sweet words, kind remarks, and pleasant smiles, as she passes along—who has a kind word of sympathy for every girl or boy she meets in trouble, and a kind hand to help her companions out of difficulty—who never scolds, who never contends, never teases her mates, nor seeks in any other way to diminish but increase their happiness. Would it not please you to pick a string of pearls, drops of gold, diamonds, precious stones, as you pass along the street? But those are the true pearls and precious stones, which can never be lost. Take the hand of the friendless. Smile on the sad and dejected. Sympathize with those in trouble. Strive everywhere to diffuse around you sunshine and joy. If you do this you will be sure to be loved.

### LOUISBURG FEMALE SEMINARY.

We invite attention to the advertisement of the Trustees of this Institution, in another column. We claim to have been well acquainted with the merits of those who have had the charge of this excellent Institution for a number of years, and have always regarded it as particularly deserving of public attention and extensive patronage. But, when superadded to the attention of Mrs. R. Miss Curtis, and Miss FAIRALL, the personal and undivided attention of Mr. RAY is devoted to this Seminary, it presents advantages for the education of young ladies equal to those of any female Institution with which we are acquainted.—Times.

Mr JOSHUA E. LUMBER of this city, has invented and patented a very ingenious and useful contrivance for Hotels, which by means of a galvanic battery, operates upon the principle of telegraphic communications between the different rooms and the bar-room. We are not enough of a mechanic exactly to describe it; but the numbers are enclosed in a box, stationary in the bar-room, and surrounded by a small bell. The lodger touches the knob in his room, which is connected with the battery below by means of a wire, when the bell rings, and the cover over the number of his room falls, exposing it to view. We can conceive of nothing so complete and perfect for the purpose intended. The invention has only to be known to be properly appreciated, and universally adopted in every Hotel.—Id.

Early marriages make us immortal. It is the soul and chief of empire. The man who resolves to live without a woman, and that woman who resolves to live without a man, are enemies to the community in which they dwell; injurious to themselves, destructive to the whole world, apostates from nature, and rebels against heaven and earth! Tacitus.

### News of the Day.

(Telegraphed for the Register.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16th, 12 P. M.  
In the House, to-day, the New York Branch Mint Bill was made the order of the day for the second Tuesday in January.

The postage bill has been made the special order for Tuesday.

A message was received from the President, informing Congress of the acceptance of the Texas Boundary Bill.

On motion of Mr. Burr, a resolution was adopted instructing a special Committee to enquire into the expediency of requesting the President to give notice to Great Britain to terminate that article of the Ashburton treaty, making it obligatory for both nations to keep up squadrons to suppress the African Slave trade.

Jenny Lind makes her first appearance here to-night. Her concert is immensely crowded.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Dec. 10.—The State Convention met to-day, and Mr. McIntosh was elected President; Mr. Miller, of Richmond, and Mr. Welford, of Habersham, Vice Presidents, and Mr. Miller, of Bibb county, Secretary.

Nothing of importance was done, and the Convention adjourned till to-morrow.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Dec. 11.—The Convention met pursuant to adjournment. A committee of thirty was announced. Mr. Callahan, of De Kalb, offered a resolution that all resolutions be referred to the committee, without reading, which led to a discussion. It was finally agreed that the committee be called, and resolutions read and referred. After the argument, the Convention decided on printing 5,000 copies of their proceedings, and adjourned.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Dec. 12.—Some excitement was occasioned in the convention to-day. Mr. Seward, of Thomas, offered a preamble, in which he quotes the speeches of Toombs and the Southern resolutions. The motion to refer caused a discussion, and it was rejected by 127 to 57. The convention adjourned at 3 o'clock, to allow time for the committee of Thirty-three to report.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Dec. 13.—This morning Mr. Seward offered the Vermont Nullification law, with some resolutions. Mr. Jenkins, chairman of the committee, made a report of a preamble, substantive but argumentative.

That we hold the American Union secondary in importance only to the rights and principles it was designed to perpetuate. Past associations, our present position and future prospects will bind us to it as long as it continues the safeguard of those rights and principles.

That in this spirit, Georgia maturely considered the actions of Congress, embracing a series of measures—the admission of California into the Union—the organization of Territorial Governments for Utah and New Mexico—the establishment of the boundary between the latter State and Texas—the suppression of the Slave Trade in the District of Columbia—the extradition of fugitive slaves—and the connexion with them of the reception of a proposition to exclude slavery in Mexican territories; and to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, and whilst it does not wholly approve, it will abide by them as a permanent adjustment of the sectional controversy.

Georgia, in the judgment of this Convention, will and ought to resist, as a last resort, the disruption of every tie which binds her to the Union, any future act of Congress abolishing slavery in places within the slave-holding States, the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, navy-yards, &c., or any act of suppressing the slave-trade between slave holding States, or any refusal to admit as a State any territory hereafter applying, because of the existence of slavery therein, or any act prohibiting the introduction of slaves into the Territories of Utah and New Mexico, or any act repealing or materially modifying the laws now in force for the recovery of all fugitive slaves.

That it is the deliberate opinion of this Convention that upon the faithful execution of the fugitive slave-bill by the proper authorities depends the preservation of our much loved Union.

The Convention then adjourned till 3 o'clock, P. M.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 13.—Gen. J. D. Means has been elected Governor of South Carolina by the Legislature.

ARREST OF MARCUS CICERO STANLEY.—The chief of police at New York received, on Tuesday, a telegraphic dispatch from Charleston, S. C., informing him of the arrest of Marcus Cicero Stanley (formerly of North Carolina) who stands charged with being a fugitive from justice of that State. The chief dispatched back word to keep the prisoner until sent for.

NARROW ESCAPE.—On Friday last, the eldest daughter of T. T. Patton, Esq., and a daughter of Mr. Erwin, of Burke, were captured in a carriage, while crossing "Mountain Creek," above Widow Burgin's, in McDowell County, and barely escaped with their lives, having lost their trunk, wearing apparel, jewelry, a considerable amount of money belonging to Miss P., and \$500.00 belonging to Mrs. Baird, of this place. The horses were gotten out, but the carriage was broken to pieces. Fortunately, Messrs. J. A. Patton & Siler, on their way home from Chapel Hill, were just behind in a buggy, through whose prompt and energetic exertions, the parties were rescued from certain death by drowning.—Asheville Messenger.

CALIFORNIA GOLD.—The amount of the California gold received at the Philadelphia Mint has averaged for the last eleven months two and a half millions of dollars per month.

The Washington National Monument has reached an elevation of eighty feet from the surface of the ground.

A LESSON OF EXPERIENCE.—The Methodist "Christian Advocate and Journal," at N. Y., as a lesson in the experience of the editor, says: "We have always observed, that where questions of whatever nature, become mixed up with politics, and the public mind gets into a ferment, it is impossible for ministers of the Gospel to handle them with advantage; and that kind of interference, unless the call of duty is most obviously imperative, has but little influence but in its recoil upon the sacred office and the interests of religion."

MORAL PHILOSOPHY.—Taking "a weed" of brandy for the "acidity of the stomach," and preaching temperance for the applause of the church!

### Fugitive Law in the Ohio Legislature—Governor Wood's Inaugural.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 12.—The committee on Federal Relations, in the House of Representatives, reported a series of resolutions denouncing the Fugitive Slave law, which were laid on the table.

In the afternoon, Governor Wood was sworn in, whereupon he delivered his inaugural address. He vindicated the constitutionality of the Fugitive Slave law and warned the people of Ohio to beware how they followed the lead of the people of South Carolina in resisting the laws of Congress.

### THE MARKETS.

FAYETTEVILLE, December 14. Bacon 10 cents; cotton 12 to 12 3-8 cents, and somewhat unsettled after the American news; corn 82 to 92 cents; fodder 80 to \$1 per hundred; lard 9 cents; manufactured tobacco 20 to 40 cents; wool 15 to 16 cents per pound; coffee 13 to 14 cents; flour \$5 25 to \$6; talow 8 to 9 cents.

PETERSBURG, December 13. Tobacco at from \$8 50 to \$20, according to quality; cotton 12 to 12 1-4 cents; wheat \$1 to \$1 09 cents; corn 60 cents; bacon, hog round 9 cents.

CHARLESTON, December 14. Sales of 1400 bales on yesterday, establishing 12 3-4 cents for fair. Corn 75 cents; flour, Baltimore brands, \$5 25 to \$5 50.

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 12. There was a moderate demand yesterday for Cotton, and the sales amounted to 652, at the following particulars: 41 at 12 1-2; 12 at 12 5-8; 384 at 12 3-4; 52 at 12 7-8; and 163 bales at 13 cents.

MACON, Ga., December 11. Cotton. The market is rather inactive, and sales are generally made from 12 1-2 to 13 1-4—very little selling over that price.

DROWNED.—We have been informed by a gentleman who came passenger in the St. Mathew, on Saturday last, that when crossing Cumberland Sound at about eight o'clock on Friday Evening one of the passengers fell overboard, and notwithstanding the utmost exertions were made to rescue him from a watery grave, he sunk to rise no more. He was about 35 years old, a citizen of Edgecombe County, North Carolina, where he left a wife and children, and had engaged as overseer to a gentleman near Tallahassee only a few days ago. When the sad occurrence took place he was on his way to North Carolina for the purpose of bringing his family to Florida.

HOW THE FASHION CHANGES.—The editor of the Springfield Republican, who has been to hear Jenny Lind at Tripler Hall, tells the following good story:—When Jenny first appeared at the Ladies' Ordinary, at the Irving, she had no comb in her hair, while every other lady wore a comb. The next day she said she wished to dress like American ladies, and went to dinner with a comb in her head. On glancing up and down the table, not a comb was to be seen!

THE GRAVE.—It buries every error—covers every defect—extinguishes every resentment. From its peaceful bosom spring none but fond regrets and tender recollections. Who can look down upon the grave of an enemy, and not feel a compunctious throb that he should have warred with the poor handful of earth that lies mouldering before him?—Irving.

SINGING SHELLS.—In Ceylon there may be heard at night, upon the shores of certain lakes, loud musical sounds, like those of an accordion or solian harp, and pitched in different keys, proceeding from the bottom of the water. These sounds, it is said by a late traveler, are emitted by a species of shell-fish, which inhabit these lakes in great numbers. A snail, abundant in Corfu, if irritated by a touch with a piece of straw, will emit a distinctly audible sound in a quivering tone.

LESSON IN GRAMMAR.—Mankind may be divided into three distinct classes: superlatively honest men confirmed scoundrels, and no men at all.—N. Y. Paper. To which the Philadelphia Times adds the following capital hit as well:

First Person.—We are.  
Second Person.—Ye or you are.  
Third Person.—They (the women) are.

HAYDN.—the poet Corpani once asked his friend Haydn, "How it happened that his church music was almost always of an animating, cheerful and even gay description?" To this, Haydn's answer was: "I cannot make it otherwise—I write according to the thoughts which I feel. When I think upon God, my heart is so full of joy, that the notes dance and leap, as it were, from my pen; and since God has given me a cheerful heart, it will be easily forgiven me that I serve him with a cheerful spirit."

A SLAVE STATE IN EMERY.—The Cherokees, Choctaws, Chickasaws, Creeks and Seminoles, own a large number of slaves, negroes. These Indian tribes, that were removed here a few years ago, in consequence of being surrounded by States, will again, in a short time, too, be surrounded by States, and be hedged in with a dense white population. What will be the consequence? Why, it is plain enough to be seen, that in a few years these Indian tribes will have to be organized into a territorial government, and then be admitted into the United States as a slave State. What will the friends of free soil and abolition think of that? It is inevitable, so you may just make up your minds to grin and bear it.—Fort Smith (Ark.) Herald.

HINTS TO FARMERS.—Turnips of small size have double the nutritious matter that large ones have.

In feeding with corn, fifty pounds ground goes as far as a hundred pounds in the kernel.

Rats and other vermin are kept from grain by a sprinkling of garlic when packing the sheaves.

Sweet olive oil is a certain cure for the bite of a rattlesnake. Apply it internally and externally.

THE GIRLS.—Not long since a marriage was to be celebrated in the village church. The minister, after making a very eloquent and touching discourse on the duties and rights of those who were to be united, suddenly exclaimed:—"Those who wish to be married will please rise," and immediately after there shot up, above the seated multitude, the heads of a crowd of young girls, who had understood the remark which was addressed to the contracting parties as a general invitation to all who were desirous to leave the selfish state of single blessedness.—Bath (Me.) Trib.

We learn that two old men at a corn shucking, in Haywood, became intoxicated and engaged in a fight, and after being separated, one slipped up behind the other and with a stick knocked him dead!—Asheville Messenger.

He that does a base thing in zeal for his friend, burns the golden thread that binds their hearts together.—J. Taylor.

PROVERBIAL PHILOSOPHY.—Drinking ale as a medicine, and denouncing it as a beverage!

### Sons of Temperance.

FURTHER APPOINTMENTS FOR

P. M. W. P. PHILIP S. WHITE.

Friday, Jan. 3, Marion, McDowell.

Saturday " 4, Morganton, Burke.

Monday " 6, Lenoir, Caldwell.

Tuesday " 7, Taylorsville, Alexander.

Thursday " 9, Wilkesboro', Wilkes.

Saturday " 11, Statesville, Iredell.

Monday " 13, Mocksville, Davie.

Wednesday " 15, Salem, Forsythe.

Friday and Saturday, the 17th and 18th in Rockingham County, to be arranged to suit the convenience of the Divisions.

Monday Jan. 20, Milton, Caswell.

Tuesday " 21, Yanceyville do.

Thursday " 23, Greensboro', Guilford.

Friday " 24, Graham, Alamance.

Saturday " 25, Franklinsville, Randolph.

Monday " 27, Salisbury, Rowan.

Tuesday " 28, Gold Hill, do.

Wednesday " 29, Concord, Cabarrus.

Thursday " 30, Albemarle, Stanly.

Friday " 31, Centre, do.

Saturday Feb. 1, Troy, Montgomery.

Monday " 3, Carthage, Moore.

Wednesday " 5, Pittsboro', Chatham.

Other appointments will be made in due time.

### NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made at the present session of the General Assembly of North Carolina, for an act to incorporate Washington Division, No. 27, Sons of Temperance, located at Louisburg.

Dec. 10th, 1850. 17—

### Louisburg Female Seminary.

A. H. RAY, } PRINCIPALS.

J. A. RAY, }

Miss E. W. CURTIS, Instructress on Piano and Vocal Music.

Miss R. S. FAIRALL, Instructress on Guitar, and in Vocal Music, Drawing, Painting, Calligraphy, &c. Other Assistance as it may be needed.

THE Spring Session of 1851, (the 17th under the present Principals,) will commence on Monday the 6th of January. The Trustees are highly gratified to be able to announce to the public, that hereafter the entire and undivided attention of both the Principals will be devoted to the interests of this Institution.—Mr. RAY having relinquished a profitable and successful Male School, in order to add his personal efforts to those of the former very efficient corps of Teachers, in making this all that a good Female Institution ought to be.

The Board recommend, with very great confidence, the Louisburg Female Seminary to the patronage of the public. For cheapness, soundness of instruction, impartiality and fidelity in teaching, high-toned moral and religious influences and strictness in regulating the expenditures of pupils, this Institution will compare successfully with any in the State. In point of health, the Board give as their deliberate opinion that this Village is not surpassed by any location in the Central portion of the State; and in support of this opinion they may add, that among the large number of pupils from the Eastern part of the State, there has not been a death in the eight years that the Academies have been under the government of the present Principals; and there has been, for several years, very few cases requiring the attention of a Physician; and they understand, from the most reliable sources, that, for the last 4 years, Medical bills among the pupils have been nearly unknown; and throughout the community there has been without interruption good health.

A Circular, prepared by the Principals, setting forth in detail the government, course of studies, text books, prices, &c., will be issued soon, and sent on application to all who may feel interested in the minutes of the School Economy which will be observed and practised here.

By order of the Board,  
T. K. THOMAS, Sec'y.

Louisburg, Dec. 13, 17—

### I. O. O. F.

MASONIC & SONS OF TEMPERANCE

GIBBS & SMITH, No. 73 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md., respectfully invite the attention of the Brethren of the different Orders throughout the Country to their extensive and beautiful assortment of

REGALIA, BANKERS, SASHES, COSTUMES, JEWELLERY, &c. All of which are got up under their immediate inducements, and comprises one of the largest assortments to be found in the United States.

Members of G. ENCAMPMENTS, ODD FELLOWS, MASON, SONS OF TEMPERANCE, RED MEN, and other Associations wishing to furnish their HALLS, or supply themselves individually with REGALIA, will find our House offers great inducements, as we keep constantly on hand a large and beautiful assortment of all styles.

G. ENCAMPMENTS, LODGES, or DIVISIONS of the SONS OF TEMPERANCE forwarding their Orders may depend upon the articles being furnished in as good style and at as low prices as if they were present to select.

BANKERS, FLOORS, PENNANTS, &c. for the different associations, made to order at the shortest notice. Address GIBBS & SMITH, Regalia & Banner Manufacturers, No. 73 Baltimore St., Baltimore.

Sept. 26, 1850. 5—ly.  
G. We are the largest Manufacturers of REGALIA & BANKERS in this State or Virginia, and will visit with any other Establishment in the U. S. Consequently we can supply you with any article in our line, as low as they can be had in this or any other City. G. & S.

### BRUCE'S IMPROVED MORTISING MACHINE

Should be in every Carpenter Shop in North Carolina. It will mortice through 8 inches with the greatest possible ease, and is worked by either hand or foot. Price \$40, complete.

Address post paid, HENRY G. BRUCE, Raleigh, N. C.

December 12th, 1850. 17-3

### PLEASANT GROVE ACADEMY,

FRANKLIN COUNTY, North Carolina.

THE Exercises of this Institution will commence on Monday, the 6th of January next, under the charge of Mr. Edwin L. Barrett, a gentleman eminently qualified to instruct in all the branches taught in preparatory schools. The Academy will be neat and comfortable, situated about 200 yards from the residence of the subscriber, known to be one of the most healthy localities in the State, and equidistant from Lenoir and the Shocco Springs.

Board can be had with the Subscribers, at \$6.50 per month, and also in the families of Mr. Joseph J. Jones, Mr. Thomas Person, Mrs. Elizabeth Branch and others, all convenient to the Academy at the above rates.

Parents and guardians may rest assured, that every attention will be paid, both to the moral and literary pursuits of the students; and owing to the healthfulness of the situation, the purity of the water and the morality of the neighborhood, the public and particularly those living in the lower country, would do well to give this institution a trial.

TUITION PER SESSION, For the Languages, and higher English branches, \$15  
Lower English branches, \$10  
Address the Subscriber, Louisburg, N. C. WM. J. BRANCH.

December 1st, 1850. 16-4

### Form of Application, FOR A CHARTER FOR A SECTION OF THE Cadets of Temperance.

(Data.)

The undersigned, youths of ———, believing the Order of the Cadets of Temperance to be well calculated to extend the blessings of Total Abstinence, and promote the general welfare of mankind, respectfully petition the Grand Section of the State of North Carolina, to grant them a Charter to open a new Section to be called the ——— Section, No. ———, Cadets of Temperance, of the State of North Carolina, to be located in ———, and under your jurisdiction.

We pledge ourselves, individually and collectively, to be governed by all the rules and usages of said Grand Section, and also by those of the National Section when formed.

Enclosed is the fee for Charter, R. Books, and officers Cards, \$3.00.

It must also be stated whether the applicants are members of the Order or not; if they are, of what Section.

The application to be directed to John F. Howlett, G. W. P. Greensboro', N. C. free of postage. To which must be appended the following certificate.

This is to certify that Bro. ———, whose name appears to the above as W. P. elect, is now a Son of Temperance in good standing in Division No. ———, S. of T.

Signed by the W. P. of the Division. P. S. All kinds of Regalia for the Cadets of Temperance, for sale by the Grand Section. Apply postpaid to the G. W. P.

### Subordinate Divisions.

Chartered since the April Session of the G. D.

136 Barclaysville, Cumberland co

137 Richland, Onslow co

138 Southern Star, Greenville, Pitt co

139 Lumber Bridge, Robeson co</